

CAN YOU MATCH THE LGBTQIA+ LEADER WITH THEIR BIO?



A Child's Introduction to Pride: The Inspirational History and Culture of the LGBTQIA+ Community by Sarah Prager, illustrated by Caitlin O'Dwyer, celebrates love, hope, equality, and progress by taking an inspirational and essential look at the rich history and culture of the LGBTQIA+ community in the United States and around the world.

Featuring profiles of dozens of queer icons from various time periods and walks of life, young readers will meet members of the community who have made big contributions to politics—like Harvey Milk and Marsha P. Johnson—as well as important people from the worlds of sports, music, literature, dance, science, and more

Can you match these influential LGBTQIA+ leaders with their bios? See how many you can identify, and then use the answer key at the bottom to learn more about the figures you don't know!



**GILBERT
BAKER**



**FRANK
KAMENY**



LILI ELBE



**BILLIE JEAN
KING**



**MANGUS
HIRSCHFELD**



HARVEY MILK



**EVELYN
HOOKER**



**BAYARD
RUSTIN**



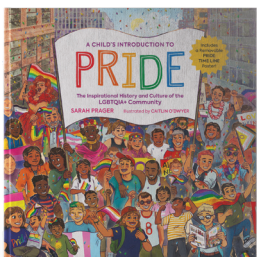
**MARSHA P.
JOHNSON**



WE'WHA

- A.** Cofounder of STAR in 1970, an organization that provided food and shelter to struggling trans youth in New York City, and an important figure in the Stonewall Uprising.
- B.** A Danish painter who was raised and lived as a man until the 1920s, when she tried on women's clothing and realized she was a woman. From then on she began to transition, and received a series of experimental genderaffirming surgeries in Germany.
- C.** One of the first out gay people to win elected political office in the United States when he took a seat on the San Francisco Board of Supervisors in 1978.
- D.** A gay artists who handdyed and stitched the first rainbow flag and unveiled it at the San Francisco Gay Freedom Day Parade celebration on June 25, 1978.
- E.** After being fired from his federal government job as an astronomer in 1957 for being gay, he challenged the firing and made the case that gay people were a group that shouldn't be discriminated against because it was an "affront to human dignity."
- F.** A lamana, a Zuni person who was able to carry out both traditionally male and female tasks, she asked as a translator and cultural interpreter when European Americans arrived at her home in the 1870s, and traveled to Washington, DC, as a representative of her people in 1886.
- G.** of her career to showing that gay men were not mentally inferior to straight men. Her research in the 1950s and 1960s contributed to the 1973 removal of homosexuality from the DSM.
- H.** A key adviser to Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. who traveled to India in 1948 to learn about the nonviolence philosophy of Mahatma Gandhi and came to believe this was the best way for the US civil rights movement to succeed.
- I.** A Berlin doctor who founded the first LGBTQIA+ rights organization in the world, named the Scientific-Humanitarian Committee, because he used science as his argument for LGBTQIA+ rights.
- J.** An American tennis player who won thirty-nine Grand Slam titles during her career and winner of the "Battle of the Sexes" in 1973, a tennis match against a male player to showcase women as serious athletes.

ANSWER KEY: Gilbert Baker, D; Lili Elbe, B; Mangus Hirschfeld, I; Evelyn Hooker, G; Marsha P. Johnson, F; Frank Kameny, E; Billie Jean King, J; Harvey Milk, C; Bayard Rustin, H; We'Wha, F



Activity inspired by
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