A contraction is a shortened form of two words. In a contraction, an apostrophe takes the place of the missing letter or letters.

Examples:
- I + will = I’ll
- did + not = didn’t
- she + is = she’s
- You + are = You’re

Look at each pair of words. Write the contraction of the two words on the line.

they + are = __________________________
we + are = __________________________
you + will = __________________________
he + is = __________________________
they + will = __________________________

A compound word is made up of two words that are combined to form a new word.

Example:
- dog + house = doghouse

Combine the words below to make a compound word. Write the word on the line.

skate + board = __________________________
sun + shine = __________________________
foot + prints = __________________________
after + noon = __________________________
air + port = __________________________
chalk + board = __________________________
**Synonyms**

*Synonyms* are words that mean the same thing or mean something similar.

*Example:* hop and jump

Read each sentence. Then circle the **synonym** to the underlined word.

**My mom likes me to keep my room clean.**
- neat  dirty

**It is starting to rain.**
- drizzle  snow

**My favorite season is autumn.**
- summer  fall

**Apple pie is delicious.**
- tasteless  tasty

**I like to smell the flowers.**
- sniff  taste

---

**Antonyms**

*Antonyms* are words that mean the opposite of each other.

*Example:* asleep and awake

Draw a line from the word on the left to its **antonym**, or opposite, on the right.

- sad  good
- hot  hard
- easy  early
- smile  cold
- late  small
- messy  frown
- big  happy
- bad  neat
- win  lose
- day  night
Counting 1 to 100

Even numbers are when you count by 2s starting at 2 and continuing 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, and so on.
Odd numbers are when you count by 2s starting at 1 and continuing 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, and so on.

Fill in the missing numbers. Circle all even numbers.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>1</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
<th>6</th>
<th>8</th>
<th>9</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>96</td>
<td>97</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>99</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Place Value

Each column in a number holds a different place value. Example: In the number 245, the 2’s place value is in the hundreds column, the 4’s place value is in the tens column, and the 5’s place value is in the ones column.

Practice writing three-digit numbers. Fill in the boxes.

<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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245
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<th>Ones</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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548
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284
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984
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</tr>
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<td>4</td>
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</table>

574
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274
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<td>4</td>
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965
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<td>5</td>
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</table>

123
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<th>Tens</th>
<th>Ones</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

759
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<th>Tens</th>
<th>Ones</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Place Value: Tens and Ones

Write how many tens and ones are pictured and then write an addition sentence. The first one has been done for you.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tens</th>
<th>Ones</th>
<th>Total</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>26</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

20 + 6 = 26

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tens</th>
<th>Ones</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

+ + = 

+ + = 

+ + = 

Place Value: Hundreds, Tens, and Ones

Write how many hundreds, tens, and ones are pictured and then write an addition sentence. The first one has been done for you.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hundreds</th>
<th>Tens</th>
<th>Ones</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

200 + 40 + 5 = 245

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hundreds</th>
<th>Tens</th>
<th>Ones</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

+ + + = 

+ + + = 

+ + + = 

Trace the **name** of each coin. Then trace the **value** of each coin.

- **penny**: one cent
- **nickel**: five cents
- **dime**: ten cents

---

**coins!**

- Abraham Lincoln: 1¢
- Thomas Jefferson: 5¢
- George Washington: 25¢
- Franklin D. Roosevelt: 10¢

---

**Quarter, Dime, Nickel, Penny**

- **Quarter** = 25 cents = 25¢
- **Dime** = 10 cents = 10¢
- **Nickel** = 5 cents = 5¢
- **Penny** = 1 cent = 1¢

When counting coins that are the same sum, you are **skip-counting**.

- \[.01 + .02 + .03 + .04 + .05 = 5¢\]

---

Write the sum of each coin as you count.

- \[1¢ + 1¢ + 1¢ + 1¢ + 1¢ + 1¢ + 1¢ = ___¢\]
- \[5¢ + 5¢ + 5¢ + 5¢ + 5¢ + 5¢ + 5¢ = ___¢\]
- \[10¢ + 10¢ + 10¢ + 10¢ + 10¢ + 10¢ + 10¢ = ___¢\]
- \[25¢ + 25¢ + 25¢ = ___¢\]
Show two different coin combinations to make the value shown for each toy. The first one has been done for you.

**65¢**

Quarter + Dime + Nickel + Penny

**79¢**

Quarter + Dime + Nickel + Penny

**28¢**

Quarter + Dime + Penny

**99¢**

Quarter + Dime + Nickel + Penny

**53¢**

Dime + Nickel + Penny

When counting coins, always count from the highest-value coin to the lowest-value coin.

25¢ + 50¢ + 60¢ + 70¢ + 75¢ + 76¢ + 77¢ = 77¢

Write the sum of each coin as you count.

25¢ + 5¢ + 5¢ + 1¢ = __¢

25¢ + 10¢ + 5¢ + 1¢ = __¢

25¢ + 5¢ + 1¢ + 1¢ = __¢

10¢ + 5¢ + 1¢ + 1¢ = __¢

10¢ + 5¢ + 1¢ + 1¢ = __¢
To measure the length, width, or height of an object:
Line up the left edge of your ruler with one end of the object.
Keep your ruler aligned with the object.
Then find the mark on the ruler that shows the other end of the object.

The brush is 7 inches long.

Now you try:

The eraser is about ______ inches long.

The eraser is about ______ inches long.
Animal Classification

All animals are classified into groups because of similarities. Four of the main groups are mammals, reptiles, fish, and birds.

Mammals have hair or fur and lungs to breathe air. Most mammals also give birth to live young.

Reptiles have scales, not fur, and very dry skin. Reptiles usually lay eggs but sometimes give birth to live young.

Fish breathe underwater, using gills, not lungs. Fish live in water and usually have scales and fins. They usually lay many eggs.

Birds have feathers and wings. Birds have two legs and they lay eggs.

How do these animal groups have babies, by giving birth to live animals, laying eggs, or both? Circle the correct answer.

Mammals: live babies  eggs  both

Reptiles: live babies  eggs  both

Fish: live babies  eggs  both

Birds: live babies  eggs  both

Animal Classification: Warm-Blooded Animals

Mammals and birds are warm-blooded, which means that they can make their own body heat even when it is cold outside. It does not matter whether it is hot or cold outside, warm-blooded animals have body temperatures that usually stay the same.

The animals in the word bank below are all warm-blooded. Find and circle them in the word search. They can be horizontal or vertical.

H L M A S A O M C
U I G I R A F F E
M O N K E Y Z R H
A N H J G H P D F
N E L E P H A N T
S O H S H E E P T
L I O N  S H E E P  E L E P H A N T
H U M A N S  M O N K E Y  G I R A F F E
Some days are really sunny. It is the Sun that heats the Earth. When it is sunny, I like to

The weather changes every day. Some days are windy, which means the air is moving. When it is windy out, I like to

Some days are rainy. The rain falling from the clouds is called precipitation. On rainy days, I like to

Some days are snowy. Snow is made up of ice crystals. On snowy days I like to

As the Earth spins on its axis, producing night and day, it also orbits around the Sun, taking 365 days to complete one orbit. This tilt of the Earth’s axis is why we have *seasons*. When the top of the Earth’s axis is pointing toward the Sun, it is *summer* for that hemisphere, or side of Earth. When it points away from the Sun, it is *winter*.

Look at the diagram of the Earth rotating around the Sun. Write on each line whether that side is experiencing *winter* or *summer*. 

1_________  2_________  3_________  4_________
Continents

There are seven continents. They are Africa, Antarctica, Asia, Australia, Europe, North America, and South America. Asia is the largest continent. Africa is the second-largest continent. Antarctica is the continent that is located around the South Pole. Europe is attached to Asia. North America has many countries, including the United States.

Answer the questions.

How many continents are there? _______________________
What is the largest continent? _______________________
What continent is located around the South Pole? _______________________
What continent is the United States located on? _______________________

The United States

Look at the map of the United States and answer the following questions:

I live in _______________________. (state)
Is North Dakota located in the North, the South, the East, or the West? _______________________.
Name a state located in the South. _______________________.
Is your state located in the North, the South, the East, or the West? _______________________.

What state do you live in? Find your state and circle it.